Financial Transactions of Certain Companies and Other Bodies Act, 1992

Requirements and Conditions of the Minister for Finance

Electricity Supply Board

Section 2 of the Financial Transactions of Certain Companies and Other Bodies Act, 1992 ("the Act") provides that the exercise by certain persons of a power to effect contracts referred to in subsection (1) of that Section (each a "contract"), shall be subject to and in compliance with Requirements specified by the Minister for Finance ("the Minister") as to the type or types of contract that may be effected under that subsection and any Conditions specified by the Minister in relation to the particular person aforesaid, and communicated to that person by the Minister.

In accordance with the Act, this Requirements and Conditions document is provided to Electricity Supply Board as a person whose power to borrow money is subject to the consent of the Minister, whether or not it is subject to consultation with or to the consent, approval or concurrence of any other Minister of the Government. In this document, "the relevant person" means Electricity Supply Board; "Requirements" means the matters set out under the heading Requirements below; and "Conditions" means the matters set out under the heading Conditions below. Reference to the relevant person in these Requirements and Conditions includes reference to any Authorised Subsidiaries identified in the Conditions.

The Requirements of the Minister are common to all persons whose power to borrow money is subject to the consent of the Minister and to whom a Requirements and Conditions document has issued, while any Conditions are specific to the relevant person. While this document does not have an expiration date, the Minister reserves the right to alter or withdraw these Requirements and Conditions at any time.

Requirements

Subject to these Requirements and any Conditions which may be laid down by the Minister in respect of the relevant person, it shall be the responsibility of the Board of the relevant person to which this document relates to draw up written policies in respect of that relevant person's use of each type of instrument specified by the Minister in respect of it. These policies should take account of existing Board policies in relation to currency and interest rate exposures including, where appropriate, the target fixed/floating interest rate structure of borrowings, the currency distribution of debt and foreign currency transaction exposures and must stipulate:

- the decision framework;
- criteria with regard to exposure limits;
- where the relevant person plans to use a derivative in order to create a fixed interest rate borrowing instrument from a floating interest rate borrowing instrument in any currency, it should ensure that such final fixed interest rate, taking into account any margins, does not exceed 150 basis points over the relevant Irish Government bond or such other maximum rate as may from time to time be approved by the Minister;



- the individuals authorised to undertake transactions and terms and conditions attaching to various levels of authorisation:
- procedures for assessing counterparty creditworthiness;
- specific criteria with regard to counterparty credit-risk including a schedule setting out the details of each authorised counterparty, the authorised overall level of exposure to each such counterparty in both monetary and percentage terms and collateral arrangements where appropriate;
- the procedures (including systems design, separation of duties, staff levels, and frequency) for undertaking, recording, confirming, and monitoring transactions and limits; and
- all other arrangements and procedures necessary to ensure compliance with best treasury practice.

A copy of the formal resolution of the Board adopting the policies shall be provided to the Minister.

It shall also be the responsibility of the Board to ensure that the contracts of the relevant person are entered into only for the purposes set out in Section 2(1) of the Act and are subject to and in compliance with this document and the policies established by the Board. The Board shall take whatever steps and put in place whatever procedures are necessary for the purposes of discharging its obligations in this regard. The Board shall certify annually that such procedures are in place and that the relevant person has acted fully in accordance with this document.

- 1) The relevant person shall not engage in exotic derivatives e.g. contracts which have embedded options, which comprise a combination of derivatives or which are leveraged without the separate express consent of the Minister, save where the particular type of contract is included in the below Conditions.
- 2) The relevant person may only enter into contracts which are specifically designed to hedge transactions carried out or exposures incurred or reasonably expected to be incurred in the normal course of their business. The relevant person shall not enter into a contract which is speculative in nature.
- 3) Contracts specified by the Minister shall be construed in accordance with the definitions set out in Annex 1 of these Requirements and Conditions as these may be further detailed or clarified by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association Inc in its officially published documentation.
- 4) A contract entered into by the relevant person for the purposes of hedging an exposure must have an identifiable and related asset, liability, or commitment which may include such assets, liabilities or commitments as the relevant person may reasonably expect to arise in the future.



- 5) A hedging instrument must not exceed the amount or maturity of the underlying asset, liability or, commitment, save where such excess is required by virtue of non-standard maturities or amounts and is limited to the absolute minimum required to achieve the requisite hedge.
- 6) If a hedging instrument has been purchased or sold in anticipation of an asset, liability or commitment expected by the relevant person to arise in the future, and the relevant person ceases to expect such asset, liability or commitment to arise, then the relevant person must immediately commence putting in place orderly arrangements for the unwinding of the exposure taking into account the circumstances of each case.
- 7) Authority to engage in such contracts as may be included in the below Conditions cannot be delegated to any third party, other than an authorised subsidiary, without the separate express consent of the Minister for Finance.
- 8) No relevant person shall act as an intermediary for any other body (with the exception of its own Authorised Subsidiaries) in respect of the contracts to which the Act refers. This prohibition shall not prevent the relevant person from undertaking any intermediary function provided for by the rules of the SEM or I-SEM only.
- 9) The relevant person shall not enter into a contract with any counterparty unless, in the first instance, it has supplied such counterparty with a copy of this document.
- 10) The relevant person should not rely on the advice of a counterparty or a trader in derivatives unless the counterparty or trader gives an enforceable undertaking that s/he is acting as an advisor rather than as a trader.
- 11) Except as may be provided in the below Conditions, contracts may not be entered into with any person or body which does not at a minimum satisfy one of the following criteria, without the express consent of the Minister:
 - a. Banks or corporations with a long-term credit rating of at least AA- (Standard and Poor) or Aa3 (Moody's) or equivalent;

b.

- i. a person or body who is a holder of a banking licence issued under Section 9 of the Central Bank Act, 1971; or
- ii. a person or body included in the Central Bank of Ireland's list of credit institutions authorised to carry on banking business in Ireland under EU Directive (2013/36/EU), with total balance sheet assets of not less than €2,000 million equivalent; or
- iii. a person or body whose parent bank, where such person or body is a branch or a subsidiary of such parent, has total balance sheet assets of



not less than €20,000 million equivalent and a credit rating of at least A-/A3;

- c. Subsidiaries or branches of international banks, operating in Ireland or included in the Central Bank of Ireland's list of credit institutions authorised to carry on banking business in Ireland under EU Directive (2013/36/EU), provided that the parent bank meets the criteria at 11(a) or has total balance sheet assets of not less than €20,000 million equivalent and a credit rating of at least A-/A3;
- d. Persons covered by the Act who hold a Requirements and Conditions of the Minister document in respect of the particular contract;
- e. The National Treasury Management Agency;
- f. Solely in respect of short-term contracts (i.e. contracts with a maturity of less than 12 months), Banks or corporations with a short-term credit rating of A-1 (Standard and Poor) or P-1 (Moody's) or equivalent at the date on which the contract was entered into or rolled over, as the case may be;
- g. Entities which provide an irrevocable guarantee or other form of collateral to the relevant person that represents credit support for an amount of the relevant person's counterparty credit risk exposure to such entity under that particular contract that is typical in the relevant market and where any guarantor or other third-party provider of the other form of collateral meets at least one of the criteria 11(a) to 11(f) above;
- h. Counterparties identified as Other Authorised Counterparties identified in the Conditions.
- 12) All contracts must be confirmed in writing, (which shall include fax and electronic means and any other accepted means of recording and documenting transactions which is commonly used in the market place for this purpose), using a standard form of contract employed by financial institutions generally for such contracts.
- 13) Swap documentation should be based on one of the standard forms published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association Inc or, in the case of commodity or energy trading contracts or in the case of contracts transacted in accordance with paragraph 14below, based on such format as may be used and accepted in the relevant market, from time to time, and considered by the relevant person to be appropriate.
- 14) Futures contracts must be transacted on an internationally recognised futures exchange.
- 15) As far as is practicable, no contract or its associated documentation, should involve the relevant person making representations, entering into covenants, agreeing to events of default, or assuming any other conditions or obligations which are more onerous or less favourable than those being agreed by the counterparty.



- 16) No contracts may be entered into which would have the effect of altering any term, condition or covenant of an original loan agreement or, where applicable, any Ministerial guarantee thereunder without the consent of the Minister, and of the relevant Minister, where appropriate.
- 17) Derivative contracts entered into by the relevant person are to be reported in the annual accounts of the relevant person in accordance with international accounting standards.
- 18) Default by any counterparty or the enforced unwinding of any particular contract, irrespective of whether it is replaced with another contract, shall be reported to the Department of Finance immediately such an event occurs.
- 19) The relevant person shall comply with any other request for information which may be made by the Minister from time to time.

Conditions

These Conditions replace the Specification of the Minister in respect of Electricity Supply Board, dated the 14 December 2017. The powers to which this document relates may be exercised by the relevant person only in accordance with the terms and conditions stipulated herein and subject to the relevant person's due compliance with the aforementioned Requirements.

Name of Relevant person: Electricity Supply Board

Address of Relevant person: Two Gateway, East Wall Road, Dublin 3, D03 A995

Authorised Subsidiaries:

Subject to the terms of the Requirements and Conditions, the powers to which this document relates may be exercised by the following subsidiaries:

• All Electricity Supply Board subsidiaries that are subject to the Financial Transactions of Certain Companies and Other Bodies Act 1992.

Other Authorised Counterparties:

- a) Commodity (such as coal, oil, gas or carbon) or energy trading entities, or subsidiaries of such entities, which meet at least one of the credit rating requirements set out in paragraph 11 of the Requirements, or which are controlled and majority owned by a body which meets at least one of the credit rating requirements set out in paragraph 11 of the Requirements;
- b) Any body that is a licenced energy undertaking in Ireland or in any part of the United Kingdom or European Economic Area or a holding company of such an undertaking or any other subsidiary of such a holding company where such subsidiary of the holding



company is licensed or regulated to trade in derivative products within the European Union;

- c) Any bank or financial institution that is contracted to support Electricity Supply Board (or any authorised subsidiaries) with balance sheet commitments or long term debt;
- d) In the case of any Permitted Derivative Product that is a future transaction, or any other Permitted Derivative Product that is transacted on an exchange rather than on an overthe counter (OTC) basis, the counterparty to Electricity Supply Board (or any Authorised Subsidiaries) as provided for in the contractual arrangements entered into by it for the transaction of such Permitted Derivative Products on that exchange; and
- e) Central clearing counterparties (CCPs) where such CCP is authorised or recognised to clear derivative contracts under Regulation (EU) No.648/2012 ("EMIR") or such other equivalent EU or national regulations.

Permitted Derivative Products:

The types of contracts that may be entered into by the relevant person are limited to the following:

- Caps
- Collars
- Commodity Forwards
- Commodity Futures
- Commodity Options
- Commodity Swaps
- Energy Trading Contracts (Cash Settled)

- Floors
- Forward Forwards
- Forward Rate Agreements
- FX Forwards
- FX Interest Rate Swaps
- FX Options
- FX Swaps

- Index Linked Interest Rate Swaps
- Interest Rate Options
- Interest Rate Swaps
- Swaptions

Conditions on permitted Derivative Products:

- 1. Any transactions entered into by Electricity Supply Board or its authorised subsidiaries must be approved in line with authority levels as delegated by the Board.
- 2. In respect of any person or body of the type described in sub-sections (a), (b) or (c) under the heading "Other Authorised Counterparties" above which does not meet the credit rating requirements set out in paragraph 11 of the Requirements, the authorisation granted under this document to enter into contracts with such person or body shall be subject to the Electricity Supply Board Group Trading Committee issuing a written approval to execute contracts with such person or body. Each such approval shall (i) reflect the written policies of Electricity Supply Board drawn up in accordance with the Board Responsibilities applying under the Requirements, (ii) include an assessment of the credit status of the person or body approved, (iii) set out any special conditions



applying to the approval granted in respect of such person or body and (iv) be reviewed annually by the Electricity Supply Board Group Trading Committee.

Valid from: 18 December 2020

Signed:

Allio pp

Brendan Coogan,

Department of Finance.



Derivative Product Definitions

Annex 1

Name	Definition
Cap	A cap enables a borrower set a maximum interest rate on a loan for payment of an up-front premium.
Collar	A collar involves the purchase of a cap and the sale of a floor which has the effect of setting an interest rate range. Similar to a cylinder but involving interest rather than FX rates.
Commodity Forward	A Commodity Forward is a contractual agreement to buy or sell a specific quantity of a commodity (e.g. Oil/Coal/Gas/Carbon/Copper/Silver/Orange Juice etc) at an agreed price at some agreed future date.
Commodity Future	Agreement to buy or sell a standard quantity of a commodity (e.g. Oil//Coal/Gas/Carbon/Copper/Silver/Orange Juice etc) at a future date at an agreed price. Similar to a commodity forward but involves standard amounts traded for standard periods on a futures exchange.
Commodity Option	The purchase or sale of the right but not the obligation to exchange (buy or sell) whether by means of Physical delivery or by financial settlement an agreed amount of a particular commodity (e.g. Oil/Coal/Gas/Carbon/Copper/Silver/Orange Juice etc) at an agreed price (the strike rate) on or up to a set date in the future.
Commodity Swap	An agreement between two parties to exchange two payment streams (fixed for floating or vice versa) for a fixed amount of a commodity (e.g. Oil/Coal/Gas/Carbon/Copper/Silver/Orange Juice etc) over a fixed term (often simply a paper transaction with no actual commodity physically changing hands).
Cylinder	A cylinder option involves both the purchase of a put option and sale of a call option such that purchaser limits the impact of rates moving against him while selling off some of the potential upside in order to reduce the option premium costs.
Energy Trading Contract (Cash Settled)	A Cash settled contract (including 1 way or 2 way financial contracts for differences) designed to reduce or eliminate the risk of loss arising from changes to wholesale energy market prices and/or components of those prices, or from changes to the price of instruments in connection with schemes and mechanisms for the promotion or facilitation of particular forms of energy, or of energy system capacity, availability or interconnection (whether in the form of obligations, certificates, facilities, permits, allowances, transmission rights financial penalties or any other form), including but not limited to SEM financial contracts for difference. Where SEM means the Single Electricity Market as described in section 2 of the Electricity Regulation Act 1999 (as such may be amended, modified, replaced, re-enacted or



	consolidated) and has during the interim period (as defined in section 7 of the Energy Act 2016), the meaning given to the term "revised arrangements in the State and Northern Ireland" in that section 7."
Floor	A floor enables a depositor set a minimum interest rate on a deposit for payment of an up-front premium.
Forward Forward	This is an agreement with the Bank to fix the interest rate on a deposit or loan for a future period commencing on a future date.
Forward Rate Agreement (FRA)	A FRA is an agreement to fix the interest rate on a notional fixed amount for a specified period from an agreed future date e.g. Fixed rate starting in 3 months and running for six months. The FRA, while similar to a "Forward Forward", is independent of the underlying asset or liability and the principal does not change hands.
FX Forward	A FX Forward is a contractual agreement to exchange a defined amount of two currencies at an agreed rate at some agreed future date.
FX Future	Agreement to buy or sell a standard quantity of currency (e.g. €/US\$) at a future date at an agreed price. Similar to an FX forward but involves standard amounts traded for standard period on an exchange.
FX Interest Rate Swap	A combination of a currency and interest rate swap where one party will exchange a fixed or floating rate obligation in one currency for a fixed or floating rate obligation in another. Often referred to as a <i>cross-currency interest rate swap</i> .
FX Option	The purchase or sale of the right but not the obligation to exchange (buy or sell) an agreed amount of currency at an agreed price (the strike rate) on or up to a set date in the future.
FX Swap	An agreement between two parties to exchange two amounts or payment streams denominated in different currencies over a fixed term.
Index Linked Interest Rate Swap	An index-related swap where one party pays a fixed rate on an indexed principal amount, while the other party pays a fixed or floating rate on a notional (static) principal. The index is commonly a national inflation index.
Interest Rate Future	Agreement to fix the interest rate on a standard amount of principal at a future date for a standard period at an agreed price.
Interest Rate Option	The purchase or sale of the right but not the obligation to enter into a fixed interest rate at or up to a set date in the future.
Interest Rate Swap	An agreement between two parties to exchange two different interest rate payment streams (typically a fixed for a floating or vice versa) and a notional principal over a fixed term.



Swaption	The purchase or sale of the right but not the obligation to enter into a swap agreement on predetermined terms at or up to a set date in the future.
----------	--